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Model Year Start: 2023	Model: Prius Prime	Prod Date Range: [03/2023 -	]	
Title: HYBRID / BATTERY CONTROL: HYBRID CONTROL SYSTEM (for PHEV Model): Motor Resolver Circuit; 2023 -				
2024 MY Prius Prime [03/2023 - ]				

#### Motor Resolver Circuit

## **DESCRIPTION**

The cause of this malfunction may be the motor resolver.

Check the motor resolver internal resistance and the connection condition from the inverter to the resolver.

#### **Related Parts Check**

AREA	INSPECTION
Wire harness and connector between the inverter and motor resolver	Check for short circuit between wire harness and +B side.
Resolver, wire harness, connector	Check the internal resistance of resolver (including wire harness), body ground resistance, and connector connection condition.
Resolver	Check for open or short circuit of the resolver

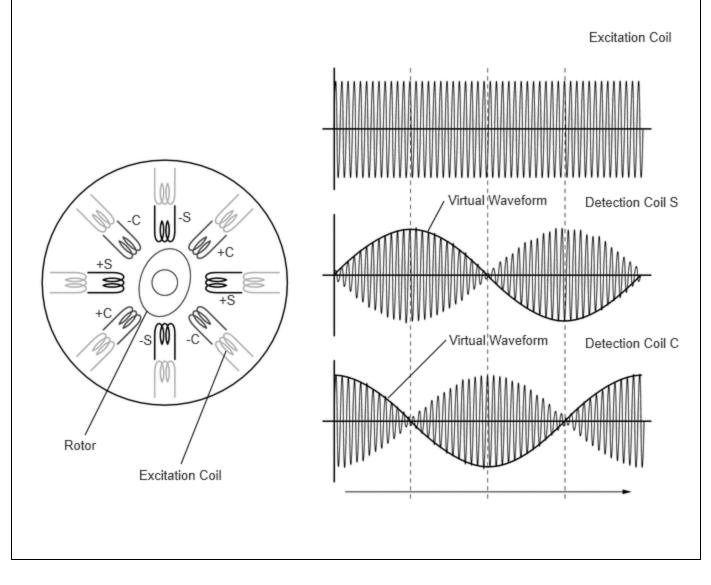
## SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

A resolver is a sensor that is used to detect the position of the magnetic poles of the rotor of a motor. Knowing the position of the poles is indispensable for ensuring precise control of the motor (MG2).

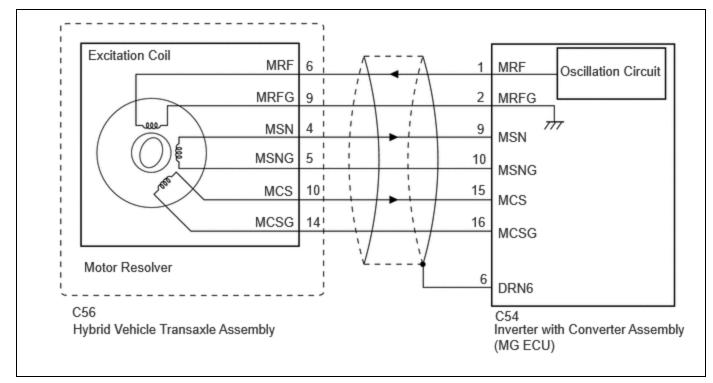
Each resolver contains a stator that has an excitation coil and 2 detection coils (S, C). The gap between the stator and rotor changes as the rotor turns because the rotor is oval shaped. An alternating current with a predetermined frequency flows through the excitation coil, and detection coils S and C output alternating currents in accordance with the sensor rotor position.

The MG ECU, which is built into the inverter with converter assembly, detects the absolute position of the rotor according to the phases of detection coils S and C and the heights of their waveforms. Furthermore, the CPU calculates the amount of change in the position within a predetermined length of time, in order to use the resolver as a revolution speed sensor.

The MG ECU monitors signals output from the motor resolver and detects malfunctions.



# WIRING DIAGRAM



# **CAUTION / NOTICE / HINT**

This diagnostic procedure is referenced to in the diagnostic procedure of several DTCs.

If the result of this diagnostic procedure is normal, proceed as directed in the procedure for the DTC.

#### **CAUTION:**

Refer to the precautions before inspecting high voltage circuit.



#### NOTICE:

• After the ignition switch is turned off, there may be a waiting time before disconnecting the negative (-) auxiliary battery terminal.

#### Click here

• When disconnecting and reconnecting the auxiliary battery

#### HINT:

When disconnecting and reconnecting the auxiliary battery, there is an automatic learning function that completes learning when the respective system is used.

#### Click here

#### HINT:

- If the problem symptom cannot be reproduced, performing a road test on a road on which the vehicle tends to vibrate will make it easier to reproduce the symptom.
- If the resolver is malfunctioning, the vehicle may not drive smoothly.
- When inspecting the connectors, if it is difficult to judge if a connector was disconnected, deformed or improperly secured, disconnect and reconnect the connector and then check for DTCs again. Check if the same DTC is output. If the same DTC is not output, improper connection of connectors is suspected.
- As a malfunction detection threshold may be exceeded when performing the vibration or heat connector inspections, make sure to perform the following inspection to check that the DTC was not stored due to the malfunction of a part.

## **PROCEDURE**

# 1. CHECK HARNESS AND CONNECTOR (INVERTER WITH CONVERTER ASSEMBLY - MOTOR RESOLVER)

#### CAUTION:

Be sure to wear insulated gloves.

Pre-procedure1

(a) Check that the service plug grip is not installed.

#### **NOTICE:**

After removing the service plug grip, do not turn the ignition switch to ON (READY), unless instructed by the repair manual because this may cause a malfunction.

- (b) Disconnect the inverter with converter assembly connector.
- (c) Connect the cable to the negative (-) auxiliary battery terminal.
- (d) Turn the ignition switch to ON.

#### Procedure1

(e) Measure the voltage according to the value(s) in the table below.

Standard Voltage:



#### <u>Click Location & Routing(C54)</u> <u>Click Connector(C54)</u>

TESTER CONNECTION	CONDITION	SPECIFIED CONDITION	RESULT
C54-1 (MRF) - Body ground	Ignition switch ON	Below 1 V	V
C54-2 (MRFG) - Body ground	Ignition switch ON	Below 1 V	V
C54-9 (MSN) - Body ground	Ignition switch ON	Below 1 V	V
C54-10 (MSNG) - Body ground	Ignition switch ON	Below 1 V	V
C54-15 (MCS) - Body ground	Ignition switch ON	Below 1 V	V
C54-16 (MCSG) - Body ground	Ignition switch ON	Below 1 V	V

#### **NOTICE:**

Turning the ignition switch to ON with the inverter with converter assembly disconnected causes other DTCs to be stored. Clear the DTCs after performing this inspection.

Post-procedure1

- (f) Turn the ignition switch off.
- (g) Disconnect the cable from the negative (-) auxiliary battery terminal and wait for 2 minutes or more.
- (h) Reconnect the inverter with converter assembly connector.

**NG** REPAIR OR REPLACE HARNESS OR CONNECTOR



#### 2. CHECK MOTOR RESOLVER

#### **CAUTION:**

Be sure to wear insulated gloves.

Pre-procedure1

(a) Check that the service plug grip is not installed.

#### **NOTICE:**

After removing the service plug grip, do not turn the ignition switch to ON (READY), unless instructed by the repair manual because this may cause a malfunction.

(b) Disconnect the inverter with converter assembly connector.

#### Procedure1

(c) Measure the resistance according to the value(s) in the table below.

Standard Resistance:



#### <u>Click Location & Routing(C54)</u> <u>Click Connector(C54)</u>

TESTER CONNECTION	CONDITION	SPECIFIED CONDITION	RESULT
C54-1 (MRF) - C54-2 (MRFG)	Ignition switch off	8.9 to 14.9 Ω	Ω
C54-9 (MSN) - C54-10 (MSNG)	Ignition switch off	16.2 to 28.2 Ω	Ω
C54-15 (MCS) - C54-16 (MCSG)	Ignition switch off	18.1 to 30.1 Ω	Ω

#### HINT:

To correct the variation of the measured resistance due to temperature, use the following formula to calculate the resistance at  $20^{\circ}C$  (68°F).

 $R20 = Rt / \{1 + 0.00393 X (T - 20)\}$ 

The calculation is based on the following:

R20: Resistance at 20°C (68°F) (m $\Omega$ )

Rt: Measured resistance  $(m\Omega)$ 

T: Temperature when the resistance is measured (°C (°F).)

Standard Resistance (Check for Short):

# EWD INFO

Click Location & Routing(C54) Click Connector(C54) 12/9/24, 7:34 PM

HYBRID / BATTERY CONTROL: HYBRID CONTROL SYSTEM (for PHEV Model): Motor Resolver Circuit; 2023 - 2024 MY Prius P...

TESTER CONNECTION	CONDITION	SPECIFIED CONDITION	RESULT
C54-1 (MRF) or C54-2 (MRFG) - Body ground and other terminals	Ignition switch off	$1~\text{M}\Omega$ or higher	MΩ
C54-9 (MSN) or C54-10 (MSNG) - Body ground and other terminals	Ignition switch off	$1~\text{M}\Omega$ or higher	MΩ
C54-15 (MCS) or C54-16 (MCSG) - Body ground and other terminals	Ignition switch off	$1~\text{M}\Omega$ or higher	MΩ
C54-6 (DRN6) - Other terminals	Ignition switch off	$1~\text{M}\Omega$ or higher	MΩ

Post-procedure1

(d) Reconnect the inverter with converter assembly connector.

# **OK** MOTOR RESOLVER CIRCUIT NORMAL (PERFORM NEXT STEP FOR REFERENCED DTC)



3.

#### CHECK CONNECTOR CONNECTION CONDITION (RESOLVER CONNECTOR)

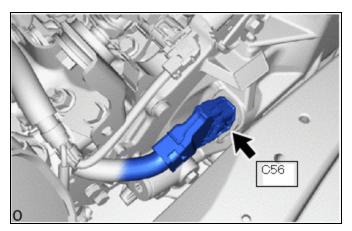
(a) Check the connection condition of the resolver connector and the contact pressure of each terminal. Check the terminals for deformation, and check the connector for water ingress and foreign matter.

#### HINT:

Click here

OK:

- The connector is connected securely.
- The terminals are not deformed and are connected securely.
- No water or foreign matter in the connector.



RESULT	PROCEED TO
ОК	A
NG (The connector is not connected securely.)	

RESULT	PROCEED
	10
NG (The terminals are not making secure contact or are deformed, or water or foreign matter exists in the connector.)	С

#### **B CONNECT SECURELY**

**C** REPAIR OR REPLACE HARNESS OR CONNECTOR



4.

#### INSPECT HYBRID VEHICLE TRANSAXLE ASSEMBLY (MOTOR RESOLVER)

Pre-procedure1

(a) Disconnect the resolver connector.

Procedure1

(b) Measure the resistance according to the value(s) in the table below.

Standard Resistance:



#### Click Location & Routing(C56) Click Connector(C56)

TESTER CONNECTION	CONDITION	SPECIFIED CONDITION	RESULT
C56-6 (MRF) - C56-9 (MRFG)	Ignition switch off	8.8 to 14.8 Ω	Ω
C56-4 (MSN) -	Ignition	16.1 to 28.1	Ω
C56-5 (MSNG)	switch off	Ω	
C56-10 (MCS) -	Ignition	18.0 to 30.0	Ω
C56-14 (MCSG)	switch off	Ω	

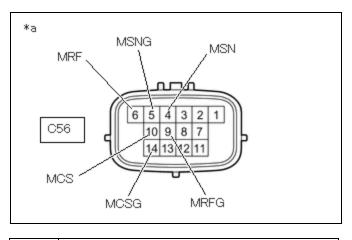
#### HINT:

To correct the variation of the measured resistance due to temperature, use the following formula to calculate the resistance at 20°C (68°F).

 $R20 = Rt / \{1 + 0.00393 X (T - 20)\}$ 

The calculation is based on the following:

R20: Resistance at 20°C (68°F) (m $\Omega$ )



	Component without harness connected
*a	(Motor Resolver (Hybrid Vehicle Transaxle
	Assembly))

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Rt: Measured resistance (m $\Omega$ )

T: Temperature when the resistance is measured (°C (°F).)

Standard Resistance (Check for Short):



#### <u>Click Location & Routing(C56)</u> <u>Click Connector(C56)</u>

TESTER CONNECTION	CONDITION	SPECIFIED CONDITION	RESULT
C56-6 (MRF) - Body ground and other terminals (except C56-9 (MRFG))	Ignition switch off	1 MΩ or higher	MΩ
C56-9 (MRFG) - Body ground and other terminals (except C56-6 (MRF))	Ignition switch off	1 MΩ or higher	MΩ
C56-4 (MSN) - Body ground and other terminals (except C56-5 (MSNG))	Ignition switch off	1 MΩ or higher	ΜΩ
C56-5 (MSNG) - Body ground and other terminals (except C56-4 (MSN))	Ignition switch off	1 MΩ or higher	ΜΩ
C56-10 (MCS) - Body ground and other terminals (except C56-14 (MCSG))	Ignition switch off	1 MΩ or higher	ΜΩ
C56-14 (MCSG) - Body ground and other terminals (except C56-10 (MCS))	Ignition switch off	1 MΩ or higher	ΜΩ

Result:

PROCEED TO OK

PROCEED TO	
NG	

Post-procedure1

(c) Reconnect the resolver connector.

**OK** REPAIR OR REPLACE HARNESS OR CONNECTOR

NG > REPLACE HYBRID VEHICLE TRANSAXLE ASSEMBLY

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