12/16/24, 5:49 PM

IF.

M20A-FXS (ENGINE CONTROL): SFI SYSTEM: P012015; Throttle / Pedal Position Sensor / Switch "A" Circuit Short to Battery or ...

Last Modified: 12-04-2024	6.11:8.1.0	Doc ID: RM10000002BLV1			
Model Year Start: 2023	Model: Prius Prime	Prod Date Range: [03/2023 -]			
Title: M20A-FXS (ENGINE CONTROL): SFI SYSTEM: P012015; Throttle / Pedal Position Sensor / Switch "A" Circuit					
Short to Battery or Open; 2023 - 2024 MY Prius Prius Prime [03/2023 -]					

DESCRIPTION

Refer to DTC P012011.

Click here

DTC NO.	DETECTION ITEM	DTC DETECTION CONDITION	TROUBLE AREA	MIL	DTC OUTPUT FROM	PRIORITY	NOTE
P012015	Throttle / Pedal Position Sensor / Switch "A" Circuit Short to Battery or Open	The output voltage of VTA1 is higher than 4.535 V for 2 seconds or more (1 trip detection logic).	 Throttle position sensor (throttle body with motor assembly) Open in VTA1 circuit Open in ETA circuit Short between VCTA and VTA1 circuits ECM 	Comes on	Engine	A	SAE Code: P0123

MONITOR DESCRIPTION

The ECM uses the throttle position sensor to monitor the throttle valve opening angle. If the VTA1 terminal voltage is higher than the threshold, the ECM will illuminate the MIL and store this DTC.

MONITOR STRATEGY

Related DTCs	P0123: Throttle position sensor 1 range check (high voltage)
Required Sensors/Components (Main)	Throttle position sensor
Required Sensors/Components (Related)	-
Frequency of Operation	Continuous
Duration	2 seconds
MIL Operation	Immediate
Sequence of Operation	None

TYPICAL ENABLING CONDITIONS

12/16/24, 5:49 PM

Monitor runs whenever the following DTCs are not stored	None
Both of the following conditions are met	-
Auxiliary battery voltage	8 V or higher
Ignition switch	ON

TYPICAL MALFUNCTION THRESHOLDS

VTA1 voltage

Higher than 4.535 V

CONFIRMATION DRIVING PATTERN

HINT:

• After repair has been completed, clear the DTC and then check that the vehicle has returned to normal by performing the following All Readiness check procedure.

Click here

• When clearing the permanent DTCs, refer to the "CLEAR PERMANENT DTC" procedure.

Click here



- 1. Clear the DTCs (even if no DTCs are stored, perform the clear DTC procedure).
- 2. Turn the ignition switch off and wait for at least 30 seconds.
- 3. Turn the ignition switch to ON [A].
- 4. Put the engine in Inspection Mode (Maintenance Mode).

Click here

- 5. Start the engine.
- 6. With the vehicle stationary, fully depress and release the accelerator pedal [B].

HINT:

During charge control, the engine speed is set at idle. Therefore, the engine speed will not increase when the accelerator pedal is depressed. In this case, perform step [B] after charge control has

12/16/24, 5:49 PM M20A-FXS (ENGINE CONTROL): SFI SYSTEM: P012015; Throttle / Pedal Position Sensor / Switch "A" Circuit Short to Battery or...

- completed.
- 7. Idle the engine for 2 seconds or more [C].
- 8. Enter the following menus: Powertrain / Engine / Trouble Codes [D].
- 9. Read the pending DTCs.

HINT:

- If a pending DTC is output, the system is malfunctioning.
- If a pending DTC is not output, perform the following procedure.
- 10. Enter the following menus: Powertrain / Engine / Utility / All Readiness.
- 11. Input the DTC: P012015.
- 12. Check the DTC judgment result.

HINT:

- If the judgment result is NORMAL, the system is normal.
- If the judgment result is ABNORMAL, the system is malfunctioning.
- If the judgment result is INCOMPLETE, perform steps [B] through [D] again.
- [A] to [D]: Normal judgment procedure.

The normal judgment procedure is used to complete DTC judgment and also used when clearing permanent DTCs.

 When clearing the permanent DTCs, do not disconnect the cable from the auxiliary battery terminal or attempt to clear the DTCs during this procedure, as doing so will clear the universal trip and normal judgment histories.

FAIL-SAFE

When this DTC is stored, the ECM enters fail-safe mode. During fail-safe mode, the ECM cuts the current to the throttle actuator, and the throttle valve is returned to a 7.5° throttle valve opening angle by the return spring. The ECM then adjusts the engine output, by controlling the fuel injection (intermittent fuel cut) and ignition timing, in accordance with the engine torque request signal sent from the hybrid vehicle control ECU, to allow the vehicle to continue being driven at a minimal speed. If the accelerator pedal is depressed firmly and gently, the vehicle can be driven slowly.

Fail-safe mode continues until a pass condition is detected, and the ignition switch is turned off.

WIRING DIAGRAM

Refer to DTC P012011.

Click here

CAUTION / NOTICE / HINT

NOTICE:

• Vehicle Control History may be stored in the hybrid vehicle control ECU if the engine is malfunctioning. Certain vehicle condition information is recorded when Vehicle Control History is stored. Reading the vehicle conditions recorded in both the freeze frame data and Vehicle Control History can be useful for troubleshooting.

for HEV Model: Click here

for PHEV Model: Click here

(Select Powertrain in Health Check and then check the time stamp data.)

• If any "Engine Malfunction" Vehicle Control History item has been stored in the hybrid vehicle control ECU, make sure to clear it. However, as all Vehicle Control History items are cleared simultaneously, if any Vehicle Control History items other than "Engine Malfunction" are stored, make sure to perform any troubleshooting for them before clearing Vehicle Control History.

for HEV Model: Click here

M20A-FXS (ENGINE CONTROL): SFI SYSTEM: P012015; Throttle / Pedal Position Sensor / Switch "A" Circuit Short to Battery or...

for PHEV Model: Click here

PROCEDURE

1.

CHECK HARNESS AND CONNECTOR (THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR - ECM)

Pre-procedure1

- (a) Disconnect the throttle body with motor assembly connector.
- (b) Disconnect the ECM connector.

Procedure1

(c) Measure the resistance according to the value(s) in the table below.

Standard Resistance:



Click Location & Routing(C23,C52) Click Connector(C23)

Click Connector(C52)

TESTER CONNECTION	CONDITION	SPECIFIED CONDITION	RESULT
C23-1 (VTA) - C52-108 (VTA1)	Always	Below 1 Ω	Ω
C23-4 (E2) - C52-110 (ETA)	Always	Below 1 Ω	Ω
C23-2 (VC) or C52-109 (VCTA) - Body ground and other terminals	Always	$10 \ k\Omega$ or higher	kΩ
C23-1 (VTA) or C52-108 (VTA1) - Body ground and other terminals	Always	$10 \ k\Omega$ or higher	kΩ

Post-procedure1

(d) None.

NG REPAIR OR REPLACE HARNESS OR CONNECTOR

OK

2.

CHECK TERMINAL VOLTAGE (POWER SOURCE OF THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR)

Pre-procedure1

(a) Disconnect the throttle body with motor assembly connector.

(b) Turn the ignition switch to ON.

Procedure1

12/16/24, 5:49 PM

M20A-FXS (ENGINE CONTROL): SFI SYSTEM: P012015; Throttle / Pedal Position Sensor / Switch "A" Circuit Short to Battery or...

(c) Measure the voltage according to the value(s) in the table below.

Standard Voltage:



Click Location & Routing(C23) Click Connector(C23)

TESTER CONNECTION	CONDITION	SPECIFIED CONDITION	RESULT
C23-2 (VC) - C23-4 (E2)	Ignition switch ON	4.5 to 5.5 V	V
C23-1 (VTA) - C23-4 (E2)	Ignition switch ON	3.0 to 5.0 V	V

Post-procedure1

(d) None.

NG REPLACE ECM



3. CHECK HARNESS AND CONNECTOR (RESISTANCE OF ECM)

Pre-procedure1

(a) Disconnect the throttle body with motor assembly connector.

Procedure1

(b) Measure the resistance according to the value(s) in the table below.

Standard Resistance:

EWD INFO

Click Location & Routing(C23) Click Connector(C23)

TESTER CONNECTION	CONDITION	SPECIFIED CONDITION	RESULT
C23-2 (VC) - C23-1 (VTA)	Ignition switch off	190 to 210 kΩ	kΩ

Post-procedure1

(c) None.

NG > REPLACE ECM

4.

READ VALUE USING GTS (THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR NO.1 VOLTAGE)

Pre-procedure1

(a) Disconnect the throttle body with motor assembly connector.

Procedure1

(b) According to the display on the GTS, read the Data List.

Powertrain > Engine > Data List

TESTER DISPLAY

Throttle Position Sensor No.1 Voltage

HINT:

Use the snapshot function to record the value displayed or make a note of it.

Post-procedure1

(c) Turn the ignition switch off.

NEXT

5. READ VALUE USING GTS (THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR NO.1 VOLTAGE)

Pre-procedure1

(a) Connect terminals 4 (E2) and 1 (VTA) of the throttle body with motor assembly connector on the wire harness side.

NOTICE:

If the VTA terminal voltage or the resistance between VTA and E2 is abnormal and terminals 1 (VTA) and 4 (E2) of the throttle body with motor assembly connector are connected, excessive current may flow through the circuit. In this case, do not connect the terminals.

Procedure1

(b) Compare the vehicle of the Data List item Throttle Position Sensor No.1 Voltage after the circuit is shorted to the value when the throttle body with motor assembly connector was connected.

Powertrain > Engine > Data List

TESTER DISPLAY

Throttle Position Sensor No.1 Voltage

RESULT	PROCEED TO
Changes from higher than 4.535 V to less than 0.56 V	А
Does not change from higher than 4.535 V	В

Post-procedure1

(c) None.

9

A REPLACE THROTTLE BODY WITH MOTOR ASSEMBLY



TOYOTA