TQG000A

Multipoint Inspection (MPI)

Start





SERVICE INFORMATION

VEHICLE CONDITION

GENERAL INFORMATION

Completing the MPI efficiently and effectively gives the Service Writer/ASM ample time to obtain customer approval for any recommendation added to the MPI. This leads to greater customer satisfaction.

Refer to the notes on this page to ensure the top of the MPI form is correct.

- **Review** the customer information to ensure it is correct.
- **Verify** the vehicle information is correct, especially mileage and VIN.
- **3 Verify** the promise time matches what is on the RO.
- **Perform** a walkaround inspection of the vehicle and note any pre-existing damage not noted by the ASM.
- Note the checkboxes based on access to the spare tire and glove box. If these boxes are checked, the customer has declined access to these areas. If you find it necessary to access these areas during a repair, contact the ASM.

Make special note of the 1/4 time. If there are any additional concerns found during inspection that require the customer's authorization for additional work, the customer is more likely to agree if contacted within the first 1/4 of the service time.

For example, if the customer brings her vehicle in at 10:00 am and the promise time is 2:00pm, then the service time is 4 hours and the 1/4 time is 1 hour, or 11:00am. Therefore, the inspection should be completed, and the results delivered to the ASM no later than 11:00am.

EXTERIOR & INTERIOR INSPECTION

- Perform operation and visual checks of all components listed. Checks must be done in all applicable areas.
- Be sure to document component/system condition using the check boxes and include comments if the yellow box is checked.

	Checked a	and OK	at this time
Exterior		□ N/A	Horn operation
			Head lights / tail lights / turn signals / brake lights / hazard warning lights / exterior lamps
			Windshield wiper and washer operation
			Windshield glass
			Fuel tank cap gasket / EV plug door and receptacles

Exterior Inspection Tips

- This inspection works best with two technicians One on the outside of the vehicle giving directions for component operation and the other on the inside operating components and filling out the MPI.
- Component operation must be checked in all modes.
- This is another opportunity to inspect the vehicle body condition.
- When checking lights, check for damage to the lenses and for moisture intrusion.
- Note any damage or deformation of the windshield.

	Requires immediate attention Not applicable						
Interior	Dome light / map light / dimmer combination meter Warning lights illuminated Cabin air filter (Replaced) Parking brake operation Check installation of driver's floormat Removed floormat Floormat missing						
	OK Cleaned N/A HV battery cooling intake filter - inspect every 5k, clean every 20k						

Interior Inspection Tips

- Be sure to check all interior lights in all modes, but make sure to remember the customer's settings.
- Cabin air filter, if dirty, should be given to the ASM with the MPI or a photo attached to the MPI. If replaced, mark on the MPI.
- If parking brake is out of adjustment, indicate how many clicks on the MPI form comment section (for vehicles with manual parking brake.) Keep in mind possible brake lining wear.
- To confirm if a vehicle has a HV battery cooling filter, check the Repair Manual.

May require future attention

UNDER HOOD & FLUIDS

Checked and OK at this time

þ	Engine air filter (Replaced)
	12 volt battery condition (cables / clamps / corrosion)
Under Hood	12 volt battery state of health
<u> </u>	Cooling system (leaks)
월	Hoses (cracks / damage / leaks)
<u> </u>	Drive belts (cracks / damage / wear)

Radiator core / air condition condenser

		_		
Jnder	Hood	Insped	ction	Tips

- Air filter, if dirty, should be given to the ASM with the MPI or a photo attached to the MPI.
- Batteries should be free of corrosion, debris, and tightly secured to the terminal.

Requires immediate attention

- Confirm battery hold down brackets are tight, and the battery is secured.
- Only use Toyota approved battery testers.
- Inspect coolant level and condition. Coolant should not have any debris or discoloration. Level should be between the min and max line.
- Drive belts should be checked for cracks and damage. Wear should be checked with a belt wear gauge.

Windshield washer Traction battery coolant Engine / heater / inverter coolant Power steering Brake reservoir Clutch reservoir Transmission / e-transaxle (Sealed Transmission,)

Transfer case (4WD models)

Differential

Fluid Inspection Tips

- Confirm what the oil level is prior to service to check for oil consumption, leaks, or prior improper fill. Mark the dipstick on the MPI what the oil level is on arrival.
- If the brake fluid is above the MIN line, but not at the FULL line, do not top off. Make a note on the MPI as this could indicate brake lining wear.
- Automatic transmissions not equipped with a dipstick should be visually inspected for leaks only (unless noted in the scheduled maintenance guide for level inspection.)

Not applicable

UNDER VEHICLE INSPECTION

Checked and OK at this time

May require future attention

Requires immediate attention

Not applicable

Propeller / driveshaft (visible damage / leaks / U-joints) Drive / CV shaft (visible damage / leaks / boots) Axle hub & bearing (visible damage / leaks / noise) Steering linkage (visible damage / leaks / worn components) Suspension (visible damage / leaks / worn components) Suspension (visible damage / leaks / worn components) Fluid leaks (engine / transmission / differential / HV battery / cooling) Exhaust system (visible damage / leaks / corrosion) Fuel lines & connections / fuel tank bands / fuel tank vapor vent system hoses (visible damage / leaks / corrosion)

Under Vehicle Inspection Tips

- Check all components for excessive play or looseness.
- Verify all boots are in good condition.
- Note any cracks in suspension bushings.
- Check dust covers on suspension components for cracks or grease. If cracks or grease are found, refer to the Repair Manual for components that may need replacement.
- Remember to categorize any worn components as immediate/safety related or maintenance/non-critical.
- Fluid leaks, especially minor leaks/seepage, should be detailed in the comments section. If using electronic MPI, add a photo of the leak/seepage.
 - There are many Technical Service Bulletin's (TSB) that outline what is considered a fluid leak that requires attention and what does not require attention. Check TIS for applicable TSB's.
- Listen for exhaust leaks before inspecting the exhaust system.

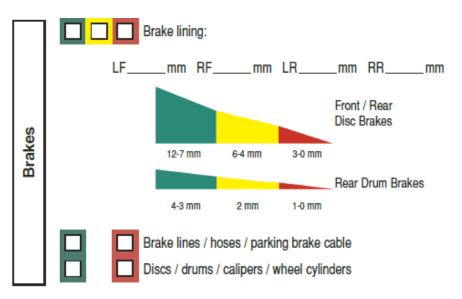
BRAKE INSPECTION

Checked and OK at this time

May require future attention

Requires immediate attention

Not applicable





Brake Inspection Tips

- Check that hoses/lines are in good condition and have no leaks, cracks, breaks, excessive wear or excessive rust.
- When checking brake pad wear, use a measurement tool to confirm exact wear. Do not go off eyesight alone.

Disc Brakes

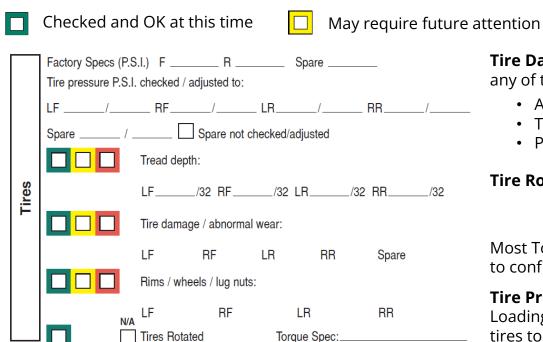
- Check rotors for excessive discoloration, rust, scoring, or uneven wear. If there is excessive wear, measure rotor thickness and runout.
- Check calipers for leakage, missing clips, damaged components, or inoperative condition.

Drum Brakes

- Check brake drums for excessive discoloration, rust, scoring, or uneven wear.
- Check wheel cylinders for leaking, cracked boots, or corrosion.
- Check adjuster for broken or damaged components, corrosion or inoperative condition.
- Check for excessively rusted or broken springs.

General Information Under Hood & Fluids Under Vehicle Exterior & Interior Brakes Tires

TIRES

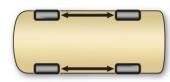


Tire Damage / Abnormal Wear. Prior to performing any tire service, inspect for any of the following

Requires immediate attention

- Abnormal treadwear
- Tread separation
- Ply or sidewall separation

Tire Rotation



- Tread depth for at least 3 different spots on the tire
- Road hazard or impact damage
- Wheel damage and bead seating

Most Toyota/Lexus models rotate tires front to back. Check the Owner's Manual to confirm.

Tire Pressure. Recommended tire pressure can be found on the Tire and Loading Information label located on the driver's door "B"-pillar. Do not inflate tires to the specifications listed on the tire sidewall. The pressure listed on the sidewall is for maximum load conditions only, not for normal operation.

Underinflation

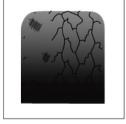
Low Pressure, over-loading

Overinflation



High Pressure, over-loading

Shoulder Wear



Frequent highspeed cornering

Feathered wear



Toe error

Diagonal Wear



Rear toe/thrust

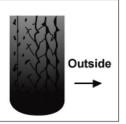


Cupping Wear

Balance, runout, error, soft tread, worn/loose steering & tread squirm suspension components

Edge Wear

Not applicable



Camber error, high caster

Heel & Toe Wear



Camber error. high caster

Abnormal Wear